		Denison C										
Re	egistration No:									M.	TECH	
Total 1	Number of Pages :	2	<u> </u>	I	1				1	J		
	M.TECH 1 ^S								CEME	BER 2018		
ADVANCED FLUID MECHANICS												
Branch: TE, Subject Code:MTEPC1010 (Regulations 2017)												
Timo	3 Hours			tegulatio Aax Mai				(Duocti	on Code: SD1	10002012	
i iiiic.	3 110u15			T-A (10			rks)	•	Zuesu	on Code. 3D1	.6002012	
1. An	swer the following	questions.	1711	1 71 (10	11 2-2	20 I vi a	iks)					
	a. What is uniform flow?											
b.												
c.	c. Write an equation of continuity for incompressible flow in two dimensions.											
d. Write down the differential form of Euler equation with neat diagram.												
e.												
f. Write the formula for head loss by fluid friction on solid surface and show that												
thermodynamic pressure is equal to hydrostatic pressure. g. Differentiate between wall turbulence and free turbulence.												
h.	What is friction fa				tarour	ciico.						
i. What do you mean by Heimenz flow.												
j.	Differentiate between	een Poiseuil	lle flow a	and coue	tee flo	W						
		D.A.		. W 10 . F	O 1 4							
		PA Answer any	RT-B (5				wina					
2 a) A	flow field is given	hy $V = x^2y^2$	i +v ² zi –	(2xvz+v	/z ²)k	Prove	wilig.	it is a	case c	of possible	[5]	
2.a) A flow field is given by $V = x^2yi + y^2zj - (2xyz+yz^2)k$. Prove that it is a case of possible steady incompressible fluid flow. Calculate the velocity and acceleration at the point (2,1,3)								[5]				
	b) Prove that the continuity equation in a three dimensional Cartesian coordinate is given by										[5]	
$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(l + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (l u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (l v) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (l w) \right) = 0$												
	∂t	$\partial x \sim \gamma$	$\partial x \sim 1$	∂x	```							
3 a)A t	fully developed lam	inar flow is	taking p	lace in t	he ann	ulus b	etwee	en two	conc	entric pipes.	[7]	
The	e inner pipe is statio	nary, and th	e outer p	pipe is m	oving	in the	axial	direct	tion w	ith velocity	[7]	
Vo. Assume the axial pressure gradient to be zero. Find out the general expression for shear												
	ss as a function of 1	adial coord	ınate. Al	so find o	out the	gener	al exp	ressic	on for	the velocity		
profile. b) What do you mean by closure of turbulence?									[3]			
<i>U)</i> **	nat do you mean by	Closure or i	urburcin									
	erive the expression	•	-						-	-	[5]	
b) W	That is the basic diff	erence betw	een Eule	ers equat	ion of	motio	n and	Navi	er Sto	kes equation.	[5]	
5 a) W	rita chart notes of t	ha fallawin	a (i) h	omogan	one tu	rbula.	,,,, (i	;) ;co	tronio			
	rite short notes of the		•	_	cous tu	ibuiei	ice, (i	1) 180	uopic		[5]	
turbulence, and (iii) intensity of turbulence. b) Write Reynolds stress matrix for turbulent flow and write the expressions for individual											5.673	
	omponents in a thre						1				[5]	
	erive prandtl bound			-					-		[5]	
	xplain the significan	ice of prand	ti bound	ary layei	equati	on in	comp	arisoi	n with	Navier-		
	okes equation. Explain stress tensor	and rate of	deformat	ion tens	or							
0) 1	Sprain stress tensor	and rate or t		(0113)	O1.						[5]	

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7 a) Air moves over a flat plate with a uniform free stream velocity 10 m/s. At position 15 cm	
front edge of the plate calculate the boundary layer thickness. Use a parabolic profile $\frac{u}{U\omega}$ =	[5]
$a+by+cy^2$	

Having boundary condition y = 0 u = 0

$$Y = \delta$$
 $u = U_o$

$$Y = \delta$$
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$

 $Y = \delta \qquad u = U_{\infty}$ $Y = \delta \qquad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ For air $v = 1.5 \ X10^{-5} \ m^2/s$ and $\rho = 1.23 \ kg/m^3$

- b) Derive a relation for universal velocity distribution law and friction factor in ducts flow for [5] very large Reynolds number.
- 8. Write short notes on the following
 - a) stationary turbulence

[5]

[5]

b) translation of flow

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