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Total Number of Pages : 04

B.Tech.  
PEL7J001

7<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2018-19

CONTROL SYSTEM ENGINEERING-II

BRANCH : EEE

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : E045

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part- I

Q1 Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10)

(2 x 10)

- Define sampling. How is a digital sequence different from sampled sequence?
- Represent a sampled data control system with block diagram and explain each block briefly.
- Given  $Z[x(k)] = X(z)$  find the Z-transform of :
  - $y(k) = \sum_{j=0}^k x(j)$
  - $y(k) = e^{-ak}x(k)$
- Find the inverse Z-transform of :
  - $\frac{z}{z+a}$
  - $\frac{z^{-1}}{(1-az^{-1})^2}$
- Why is z-transform necessary to deal with digital signal?
- Why convolution sum and convolution integral are considered equivalent?
- How do you define impulse response function in digital domain?
- What is zero order hold for digital system?
- How non linearities in control system classified? Explain each class with example.
- Explain dead zone and backlash.

Part- II

Q2 Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve)

(6 x 8)

- The input-output of sampled data system is described by the difference equation

$$c(n+2) + 3c(n+1) + 4cn = r(n+1) - r(n)$$

Determine the Z-transfer function. Also obtain the weighted sequence.

- Consider a transfer function in the s-domain

$$G_p(s) = \frac{20}{s+10}$$

- Obtain an equivalent discrete transfer function with ZOH.
  - Map discrete transfer function to the w plane.
  - Compare the transfer function in the s plane and w plane.
- Explain the spectrum analysis of sampling process to justify Shanon's sampling theorem.
  - Check if all the roots of the characteristic equation lie within the unit circle.
    - $5z^2 - 2z + 2 = 0$
    - $z^3 - 0.2z^2 - 0.25z + 0.05 = 0$

e) A feedback system is characterized by the closed loop transfer function

$$T(s) = \frac{s^2 + 3s + 3}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 1}$$

f) Draw a suitable signal flow graph and therefrom construct a state model of the system. Consider the following matrix that represents a plant of the system that has two state variables. The initial conditions are [1, -2].

$$\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x(t); y = [-1 \quad -2]x(t)$$

- i) Determine the eigen values, and using Cayley-Hamilton's theorem compute the state transition matrix of the continuous system.
  - ii) Determine the output of part(i) when  $t = 1$  s.
  - iii) Obtain a discrete time version of the given system, and determine its state transition matrix in terms of sampling time, using linear terms only.
- g) Consider a nonlinear system described by the equation

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= -(1 - x_1/x_2)x_2 - x_1 \end{aligned}$$

Find the region in the state plane for which the equilibrium state of the system is asymptotically stable using Lyapunov function.

h) For the following closed-loop transfer function

$$\frac{Y(z)}{U(z)} = \frac{4(z^2 + 0.2z + 0.5)}{z^4 - 2.4z^3 + 2.09z^2 - 0.774z + 0.1008}$$

- i) Obtain the phase variable representation.
  - ii) Obtain the controller canonical representation.
  - iii) Obtain the observer canonical representation
- i) Consider the following state-space representation of a SISO system :

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_1(k+1) \\ x_2(k+1) \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.2 & -0.32 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1(k) \\ x_2(k) \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} u(k)$$

$$y(k) = [1 \quad 1] \begin{Bmatrix} x_1(k) \\ x_2(k) \end{Bmatrix}$$

- i) Determine the steady state error.
  - ii) Determine the closed loop transfer function of the above system and from it obtain the corresponding forward transfer function of a unity feedback system.
- j) For the following closed-loop transfer function

$$\frac{Y(z)}{U(z)} = \frac{(z + 1)}{z^2 + 1.2z + 0.35}$$

- i) Obtain the controller canonical representation.
  - ii) Compute the closed loop poles.
  - iii) If the closed loop poles will have to be changed to -0.6 and -0.8, determine the gain of the controller.
- k) A linear second order servo described by the equation

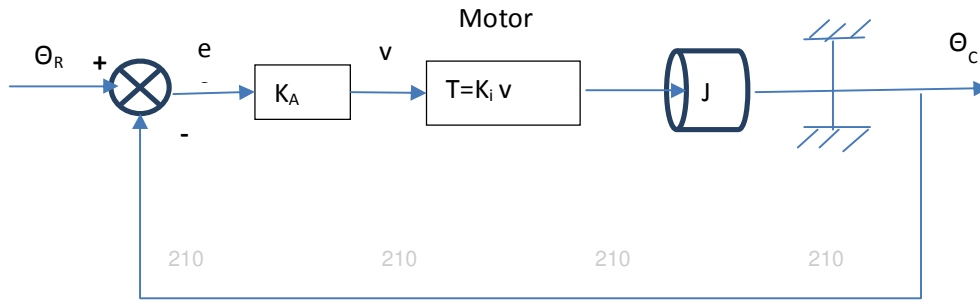
$$\ddot{e} + 2\varepsilon\omega_n\dot{e} + \omega_n^2e = 0$$

Where  $\varepsilon = 0.15, \omega_n = 1, e(0) = 1.5, \dot{e}(0) = 0$

Determine the singular points. Construct the phase trajectory using the method of the isoclines.

- l) The position control system as shown in figure has coulomb friction  $C$  at the output shaft. Plot the phase trajectory for a unit step input and zero initial conditions. Calculate and plot the time response of the error and find the value of the steady state error.

Given  $\sqrt{(K/J)} = 1.2 \text{ rad/sec}$ ,  $(C/K) = 0.3 \text{ rad}$  where  $K = K_A K_1$



### Part-III

#### Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

**Q3**

Consider the following state-space equation  $\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{cases}$ ;

$$y = [-1 \quad -2]$$

**(16)**

With initial conditions :

$$\begin{cases} x_1(0) \\ x_2(0) \end{cases} = X(0) = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

- Determine the Eigenvalue, and use Cayley-Hamilton's theorem to compute the state transition matrix of the continuous system.
- Determine the output of part (a) at  $t = 1$  s.
- Obtain a discrete-time version of the given system and determine its state transition matrix in terms of sampling time, using linear terms only.
- Determine the output of the discrete system at  $t = 1$  s by using a sampling period of 0.1 s.

**Q4**

Consider the following open-loop transfer function of a unity feedback digital control system:

$$G(z) = \frac{K(z+1)}{(z-1)(z-0.4)}$$

**(16)**

Draw a root-locus plot of this system with  $T = 0.1$ . Determine the value of  $K$  for marginal stability and its value for obtaining a maximum percentage overshoot of 20% due to step input.

**Q5**

Consider the following state-space system :

**(16)**

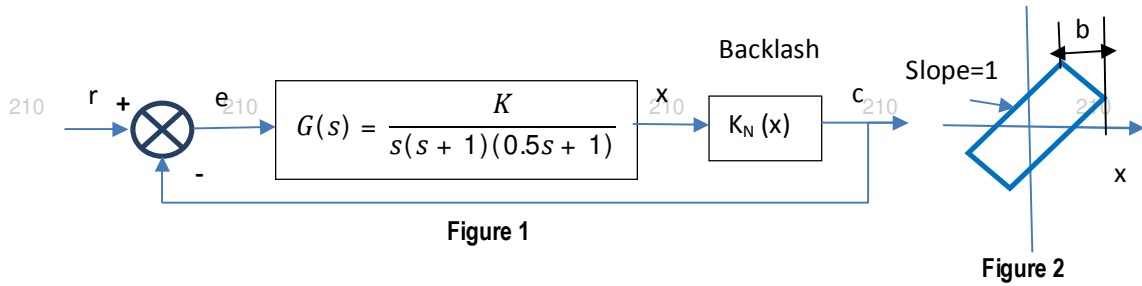
$$\begin{cases} x_1(k+1) \\ x_2(k+1) \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.2 & -0.35 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} x_1(k) \\ x_2(k) \end{cases} + \begin{cases} 1 \\ 1 \end{cases} u(k)$$

$$y(k) = [1 \quad 0] \begin{cases} x_1(k) \\ x_2(k) \end{cases}$$

- Design a controller so that the closed loop poles are -0.6 and -0.8.
- Design a state estimator that is four time faster than the plant with controller.
- Draw a block diagram showing details of the controller and state estimator.

**Q6**

An instrument servo system used for positioning a load may be adequately represented by Figure 1 and the backlash characteristic is given by Figure 2. **(16)**



- a) Using the db gain phase analysis show that the system is stable for  $K=1$ .
  - b) If the value of  $K$  is raised to 5, show that limit cycle exists.
  - c) Investigate the stability of these limit cycles and determine their frequency and  $b/X$ .
- Given :

$b/X$	0	0.2	0.4	1	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0
$ K_N(X) $	1	0.954	0.882	0.592	0.367	0.248	0.125	0.064	0
$\angle K_N(X)$	0	$-6.7^\circ$	$-13.4^\circ$	$-32.5^\circ$	$-46.6^\circ$	$-55.2^\circ$	$-66^\circ$	$-69.8^\circ$	$-90^\circ$