**Registration No: Total Number of Pages: 02 B.Tech PECI5401** 7<sup>th</sup> Semester Back Examination 2018-19 WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING **BRANCH: CIVIL** Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 **Q.CODE: E351** Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. Semi-logarithmicsheets are to be supplied Q1 Answer the following questions:  $(2 \times 10)$ What is 24-hours maximum annual series? a) b) Write various types of precipitation. c) What is mass curve of rainfall? From where this curve is obtained? How the sufficient numbers of rain-gauges are ensured in a basin? d) Why there are two methods of estimation of missing data? **f**) Differentiate intermittent and ephemeral stream 10 Explain attenuation and Lag time in routing. g) How the routing interval is selected in Muskingum channel routing for suitable result? i) Differentiate field capacity and infiltration capacity. j) What it indicates if summation of Muskingum channel routing coefficients (C<sub>0</sub>+ C<sub>1</sub>+ C<sub>2</sub>) is equal to 1 and greater than 1? Q2 What is maximum depth-Area-Duration curve? Explain the utility of the curve. (5)**b)** For a drainage basin of 600 km<sup>2</sup>, isohyetals drawn for a storm gave the following data. **(5)** 210 Estimate the average depth of precipitation over the catchment. Isohyetals 12-9 15-12 9-6 6-3 3-1 (interval)(cm) Inter-92 128 120 isohvetal area 175 85 (Km<sup>2</sup>)Q3 Explain Sub-critical, Critical, Super-critical flow by the help of energy diagram. (5) b) (5) Time 0 4 8 12 20 24 28 16 (h) Inflow 16 30 30 25 20 15 10  $(m^3/s)$ Route the following flood hydrograph through a river reach for which Muskingum coefficient K = 8h and x=0.25. The initial outflow discharge from the reach is 8.0 m<sup>3</sup>/s. Q4 (10)Prepare the Maximum depth-duration curve for the 90 minutes storm given below. Time 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 21700 80 90 (Minutes) **Cumulative** Rainfall 8 0 15 25 30 46 55 60 64 67 (mm)

Q5 Discuss the salient features of various types of Evaporimeter.

(5) (5)

The regression analysis of a 30 years flood data at a point on a river yielded sample mean of 1200 m3/s and standard deviation of 650 m3/s. For what discharge would you design the structure to provide 95% assurance that the structure would not fail in the 210 next 50 years? useGumbel's method. The value of the mean and standard deviation of the reduced variate for N =30 are 0.53622 and 1.11238 respectively.

Q6 Describe the factors influence the shape of hydroghaph. (5)

The annual maximum runoff values at a station P for a period of 20 years as follow b)

(5)

	Year	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
10	Annual maximu m runoff (m³/s)	120	84	68 °	92	10210	92	<b>95</b> 2	10 88	76	21 <b>.84</b>
	Year	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
	Annual maximu m runoff (m³/s)	101	109	106	115	95	90	70	89	80	90

Determine the value of annual rainfall at P with a recurrence interval of 15 i. years.

The probability of occurance of an annual rainfall of 100 cm. ii.

Q7 Using the ordinates of a 12-h unit hydrograph given below, computer the ordinate of (10)the 6-h unit hydrograph of the basin.

10	Time (h)	_		Ordinate of 12- h UH (m³/s)	Time <sub>2</sub> (h)	Ordinate of 12-h UH (m³/s)	
	0	0	54	130	108	17	
	6	10	60	114	114	12	
	12	37	66	99	120	8	
	18	76	72	84	126	6	
	24	111	78	71	132	3	
	30	136	84	58	138	2	
10	36	150	90	46	<b>144</b> 210	0	
10	42	<sup>210</sup> 153	<sup>2</sup> 96	46 35	210	210	
	48	146	102	25			

Q8 Write short answer on any TWO:  $(5 \times 2)$ 

a) Synthetic Unit Hydrograph

Hydraulic Jump b)

Most economical section

Current meter