

Registration No :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages : 02

B.Tech  
PCEL4301

**5<sup>th</sup> Semester Back Examination 2018-19**  
**POWER ELECTRONICS**  
**BRANCH : AEIE, EEE, EIE, ELECTRICAL, IEE**  
**Time : 3 Hours**  
**Max Marks : 70**  
**Q.CODE : E548**

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest.**  
**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

- Q1 Answer the following questions : (2 x 10)**
- a) What is a thyristor? Sketch static I-V characteristics of an SCR?
  - b) Differentiate between SCR and GTO.
  - c) Write down the advantages of free-wheeling-diode and, where it is used?
  - d) What is the difference between DIAC and TRIAC? Draw its static I-V characteristics.
  - e) What do you mean by delay angle of an SCR?
  - f) What are the conditions of inverting mode of operation of single phase full wave controlled rectifier?
  - g) What is the purpose of the di/dt protection in the case of an SCR?
  - h) The input voltage of a chopper is 220V, load voltage is 150V and the chopping frequency is 4Hz. Find the ON and OFF period of the thyristor in each cycle.
  - i) Mention the significance of the feedback diodes in voltage source inverter.
  - j) A thyristor is triggered by a pulse train of 5kHz. The duty ratio is 0.4. If the allowable average power is 100 watt. What is the maximum allowable gate drive power?
- Q2 a) Discuss the methods of triggering of an SCR. (5)**  
**b) Sketch switching characteristics of a GTO during its turn-on and turn-off processes. (5)**
- Q3 a) Discuss the unequal current distributions and other operating problems during parallel operation of SCRs. How to overcome it. (5)**  
**b) A single phase fully-controlled bridge rectifier feeding a resistive load at certain firing angle. Derive average and rms value of output voltage. (5)**
- Q4 a) With all the waveforms, explain the circuit operation of type-D chopper. (5)**  
**b) Draw the circuit of a buck converter. Explain its working by drawing the equivalent circuits for its modes of operation. (5)**
- Q5 a) What is the effect of source inductance on the operation of single phase controlled rectifier? (5)**  
**b) Explain the operation with associated waveforms of a three-phase fully controlled bridge rectifier with resistive and inductive (R-L) load for 60° firing angle. Derive the expression for average output voltage. (5)**

- Q6 a)** Explain the principle of operation of the cycloconverter. Mention some applications of the cycloconverter. **(5)**
- b)** Explain current source inverter with relevant circuit diagram and waveforms? **(5)**

210 **Q7** 210 Discuss the principle of working of a three phase bridge inverter with an appropriate circuit diagram. Draw phase and line waveforms on the assumption that each transistor conducts for  $180^{\circ}$  and the resistive load is star connected. **(10)** 210

**Q8 Write short answer on any TWO : (5 x 2)**

- a)** SMPS
- b)** Parallel operation of SCRs
- c)** Induction heating
- d)** Single phase ac voltage regulator