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Total Number of Pages: 02 (OLD)

2nd Semester Back Examination 2016-17 PHYSICS- I BRANCH(S): ALL Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 Q.CODE: Z928

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions:

- a) Two simple pendulum of mass 'm' and length 'l' each, are coupled by a spring of force constant 'k'. write the expression for frequency of normal modes of vibration of the coupled system.
- **b)** Write down the condition for clear vision of interference fringes.
- c) Why diffraction cannot occur if slit width is less than the wavelength of light?
- **d)** The refractive index of glass is 1.54. Find the polarising angle when light passes from glass to air medium.
- e) Define divergence of a vector function in terms of integrals.
- f) What is the physical significance of curl of a vector field?
- g) Distinguish between conduction current and displacement current.
- **h)** What is black body radiation?
- i) Write the time independent Schrodinger 's equation for a free particle of mass 'm' moving in xy-plane.
- j) The particle trapped in a one dimensional box of length 1 cm is described by the normalized wave function Ψ =x. what is the expectation value of the particle.

Q2

- a) Graphically show the displacement-time curves for under-damped, over-damped and critically damped motions. Derive an expression for the amplitude of an under damped harmonic oscillator during nth number oscillation.
- b) Two simple harmonic oscillators of mass 10gm and 800gm oscillate (4) separately under the action of same restoring force. Calculate the ratio of their frequencies.

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(2 x 10)

- a) Mention the conditions for production of a sustained interference (5) pattern. With the help of a suitable ray diagram, describe the production of Newton's rings.
- b) Describe with necessary equation, how you will determine refractive (5) index of water by using Newton's wring apparatus.

Q4

- a) Describe the formation of diffraction pattern due to plane (5) diffraction grating. What particular spectra would be absent if the width of the transparencies and opacities of the grating are equal ?
- b) Explain Brewster's law. A light is incident on a partially transparent (5) medium at polarizing angle. Show that the reflected and transmitted rays are mutually perpendicular to each other.

Q5

- a) Explain the construction and working of a Nichol's prism with a suitable (5) diagram.
- b) Distinguish between unpolarized, plane polarized, circularly polarized (5) and elliptically polarized light.

Q6

- a) Derive Ampere's circuital law and make necessary modification to get (6) Maxwell's 4th equation.
- b) Define Gauss' divergence theorem. Using Gauss' divergence theorem (4) prove the volume of the sphere is $4/3\pi r^3$.

Q7

- a) Derive the equation for an electromagnetic wave travelling in a charge (5) free conducting medium in terms of electric field vectors.
- b) Discus about uncertainty principle. Using Heisenberg's uncertainty (5) principle prove that the minimum energy of the one dimensional harmonic oscillator can not be zero.

Q8

- a) Derive time independent and time dependent Schrodinger equation. (6)Using Schrodinger equation find the solution for potential barrier.
- b) A particle is confined to move along a line of length 'L' cm. Find the (4) expectation value of the particle's position $\langle x \rangle$, if its normalized wave function is given by

$$\psi = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{n\pi n}{L}$$

Q3