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Total Number of Pages : 02

M.TECH

M.TECH 2ND SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2018

ADVANCED ENGG THERMODYNAMICS

Branch: TE, Subject Code:MTEPC2010

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks : 70

PART-A**(10 X 2=20 MARKS)****1. Answer the following questions.**

- Define volume expansivity and isothermal compressibility. (CO1)
- What is claypeyron equation and explain its significance in thermodynamics ? (CO2)
- Difference between exergy and energy. (CO1)
- Explain the concept of Helm Holtz free energy. (CO2)
- What are the Maxwell equation and explain their importance in establishing relationship between thermodynamic property. (CO1)
- Define adiabatic flame temperature. (CO3)
- What do you mean by fugacity ? (CO3)
- What do you mean by equipartition of energy? (CO1)
- Why boiling point of fluid increases as increase of pressure? (CO4)
- Explain the concept of principle of increase in entropy. (CO4)

PART-B**(5 X 10=50 MARKS)****Answer any five questions from the following.**

- A pressure vessel has a volume of 1 m³ and contains air at 1.6 Mpa and 195⁰C. The air is cooled to 25⁰C by heat transfer to the surrounding at 25⁰C. Calculate the availability in the initial and final state and irreversibility of the process. Take P₀ = 100 Kpa. (CO4) [5]
 - Air at 300 Kpa and 200⁰C is in a piston cylinder arrangement with a volume of 0.1 m³. It is now compressed in polytropic process with exponent n = 1.2 to a final temperature of 300⁰C. Calculate the heat transfer for the process. (CO4) [5]
- From T – ds equation derive C_p – C_v = tVβ²/ K. (CO1) [5]
 - Give the expression for first and second T – ds equation. (CO1) [5]
- Show that for an inversion curve (δz/δp)_T = 0 (CO1) [5]
 - The exhaust from a gas turbine are used to heat water in a adiabatic counter flow heat exchanger. The exhaust gas is cooled from 260⁰C to 120⁰C, while water enters at 65⁰C. The flow rate of gas and water are 1.09 and 4.186 respectively. Calculate the rate of exergy loss due to heat transfer. Assume ambient temperature is 35⁰C. (CO4) [5]
- Derive the equation (δC_p/δp)_T = - T (δ²V/δT²) (CO3) [5]
 - Briefly explain Fermi Dirac and Bose Einstein statics (CO2) [5]

- 6) a) If the thermodynamic variables are P, V, T then prove that
 $(\delta P/\delta V)_T (\delta V/\delta T)_P (\delta T/\delta P)_V = -1$ (CO3) [5]
b) What is Gibbs phase rule for non reactive system? Explain about degree of freedom.
(CO 2) [5]
- 7) a) Write down about Maxwell Boltzmann distribution for different kind of molecular speed.
(CO 2) [5]
b) Derive the Clausius Clapeyron equation (CO3) [5]
- 8) Write down the short note on [5 X 2]
a) Joules Thomson coefficient (CO1)
b) Nernst Law (CO3)

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