

Registration No :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages : 02

B.Tech.  
PEI61101

6<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2017-18

PROCESS CONTROL

BRANCH : AEIE, EIE, IEE

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 100

Q.CODE : C152

Answer Part-A which is compulsory and any four from Part-B.  
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**Part – A (Answer all the questions)**

**Q1** Answer the following questions : *multiple type or dash fill up type* : **(2 x 10)**

- a) Determine how many bits a D/A converter must have to provide output increments of 0.04 V or less. The reference is 10 V  
a) 8            b) 7            c) 10            d) 6
- b) A S/H has a 50-ns aperture time and a 4- $\mu$ s acquisition time, and the ADC has a 40  $\mu$ s conversion time. The maximum throughput frequency is -----.
- c) Suppose a process error lies within the neutral zone with  $p = 25\%$ . At  $t = 0$ , the error falls below the neutral zone. If  $K = +2\%$  per second, find the time in sec, when the output saturates.  
a) 30            b) 37.5            c) 100            d) 12
- d) ----- Circuits are used to convert impedance variation into voltage variation.
- e) Find the Hexa word those results from a 3.127-V input to a 5-bit ADC with a 5-V reference.  
a) 15H            b) 37H            c) 20H            d) 14 H
- f) ----- Material is being used for J-Type thermocouple.
- g) For metal gauges the gauge factor(GF) number is close to  
a) 2000            b) 70            c) 2            d) -200
- h) The different types of accelerometer are -----, -----, -----, -----.
- i) Solid-state pressure sensors work in the range of  
a) 0 to 100 kPa    b) > 1000 kPa    c)  $10^{-3}$  kPa    d) none of these
- j) An object is approximately 300 m away. The approximate time difference to calculate the distance, using a light pulse reflected from the object is -----.

**Q2** Answer the following questions : *Short answer type* : **(2 x 10)**

- a) Why current transmission is used in analog signal conditioning?
- b) Develop an op amp circuit that can provide an output voltage related to the input voltage by  $V_{out} = 3.4 V_{in} + 5$ ?
- c) Why hysteresis comparator is required?
- d) Define process load?
- e) Give some application of Bimetal strips.
- f) What is the role of IP (index of performance) in adaptive control system?
- g) "Ratio control is a type of feed forward control". Justify the statement.
- h) What is working principle of Pneumatic Actuator?
- i) Give one example of two-position discontinuous controller mode.
- j) Explain the working of Photovoltaic detector?

**Part – B (Answer any four questions)**

**Q3 a)** A signal-conditioning system uses a frequency variation from 6 kHz to 60 kHz to carry measurement information. There is considerable noise at 120 Hz and at 1 MHz. Design a band-pass filter to reduce the noise by 90%. What is the effect on the desired pass band Frequencies? **(10)**

**b)** A sensor outputs 0 to 1 V. Develop a voltage-to-current converter so that this becomes 0 to 10 mA. Specify the maximum load resistance if the op amp saturates at  $\pm 10$  V. **(5)**

**Q4 a)** Explain the ADC characteristics briefly. Also explain the different approaches for the conversion process. **(10)**

**b)** A measurement of temperature using a sensor that outputs 6.5mV/°C must measure to 100°C. A 6-bit ADC with a 10-V reference is used. (a) Develop a circuit to interface the sensor and the ADC. (b) Find the temperature resolution. **(5)**

**Q5 a)** A sample of metal resistance versus temperature has the following measured values : **(10)**

T(°F)	R( $\Omega$ )
60	106.0
65	107.6
70	109.1
75	110.2
80	111.1
85	111.7
90	112.2

Find the linear approximation and quadratic approximation of resistance versus temperature between 60° and 90°F.

**b)** Explain the techniques for reference junction compensation of thermocouple. **(5)**

**Q6 a)** A CdS cell has a dark resistance of 100 k $\Omega$  and a resistance in a light beam of 30 k $\Omega$ . The cell time constant is 72 ms. Devise a system to trigger a 3-V comparator within 10 ms of the beam interruption. **(10)**

**b)** Explain the final control operation and its each element briefly. **(5)**

**Q7 a)** State a basic structure of the programmable logic controller with some examples. **(10)**

**b)** How does override control protect the drum boiler from overheating? **(5)**

**Q8 a)** Discuss the various discontinuous and continuous controller modes with their applications. **(10)**

**b)** Compare the Feedforward and Feedback control briefly. **(5)**

**Q9 a)** A temperature-control system inputs the controlled variable as a range from 0 to 4 V. The output is a heater requiring 0 to 8 V. A PID is to be used with  $K_p = 2.4\%/%$ ,  $K_t = 9\%/(\%/min)$ ,  $K_d = 0.7\%/(\%/min)$ . The period of the fastest expected change is estimated to be 8 s. Develop the analog PID circuit. **(10)**

**b)** Illustrate with some example showing ratio-control configuration. **(5)**