

- c) Explain the term double declutching.
- d) What causes under steer and what are its disadvantages?
- e) What is aerodynamic drag coefficient of a vehicle?
- f) What is the correct gap for contact breaker points? How is the contact breaker points adjusted?
- g) What are the advantages of an alloy wheel?
- h) What is vapour lock? How is it removed?
- i) Write short note on "Vehicle design parameters".
- j) What is the advantage of front wheel drive?

Part – B (Answer any four questions)

- Q3** a) How is fully floating axle is different from semi-floating rear axle? **(6)**
 b) Enlist the titles of various chapters of Motor Vehicle Act, 1988. **(6)**
 c) Describe wheel alignment. What are the factors related to it? **(3)**
- Q4** a) A motor car weighing 13341.6 N and has an engine developing 40.5 kW at 4000 rpm. The transmission system has an efficiency of 90% in top gear and 85% in second gear. The top gear ratio is 1:1 and the second gear ratio 1.64:1, when running on level with wide open throttle, the car reaches 112 km/h at 4000 rpm and at the same engine speed in second it will just climb a hill of 1 in 12. If the resistance to motion on level is given by the formulae $R = A + BV^2$, where R is in N and V in km/h. Calculate A and B. Compute the maximum speed with which the car can climb a grade of 1 in 20 in top gear. What is corresponding engine speed? Assume that engine power is proportional speed in the above range. **(10)**
 b) Compare the properties of petrol, diesel, CNG and LPG. **(5)**
- Q5** a) Explain with a neat sketch a 'hydraulic braking system'. **(8)**
 b) A car is going at a speed of 60 kmph when brakes were applied, it took 25 meters to stop. Determine the braking efficiency and the value of retardation. Take coefficient of friction as 0.8 between road and the tyres. **(4)**
 c) What are the disadvantages of water as a coolant? **(3)**
- Q6** a) What is overdrive? Describe its working with a neat sketch. **(10)**
 b) A 3-forward speed and one reverse speed gear box (sliding mesh type) has to be designed. The gear box should have the following gear ratio: Top gear – 1:1, second gear – 1.5, third gear – 2.5 and reverse gear – 3.9. The distance between the axes of main shaft and layshaft is to be kept at 80 mm. The clutch gear should have 16 teeth with a diametral pitch of 3.20 mm. **(5)**
- Q7** a) With the help of a neat diagram describe Hotchkiss drive. How does it differ from Torque tube drive? **(6)**
 b) Write a note on the cut-out relay as used in the battery generator circuit. **(5)**
 c) An automobile has a wheel base of 2.743 m and pivot centre 1.065 m. The front and rear wheel track is 1.217 m. Calculate the correct angle of outside lock and turning circle radius of the front outer wheel and rear inner wheel, when the angle of inside lock is 40°. **(4)**
- Q8** a) Explain the necessity of power steering in an automobile. Describe briefly 'Electronic power steering'. **(10)**
 b) What is the function of a starting drive? Name different types of starting drives. Describe construction and working of any type of Bendix drive. **(5)**
- Q9** Write short notes on :
 a) Hybrid Vehicles **(5)**
 b) Cruise control **(5)**
 c) Scavenging **(5)**