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Total number of printed pages - 3

B. Tech BE 2104

First Semester Examination – 2013 MECHANICS

QUESTION CODE: C-616

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer the following questions :

2×10

- (a) Show the reactions at a fixed support with a sketch.
- (b) How the self-weight of a block resting on an inclined plane will act? Show through a sketch.
- (c) Write a brief note on free body diagram through a sketch.
- (d) What is the unit of coefficient of kinetic friction? Justify your answer.
- (e) A rectangle has its depth (30 cm) vertical and width (20 cm) horizontal. Find its moment of inertia about one of its diagonal.
- (f) Show the differences between a just-ngt and a over-rigid truss.
- (g) What is the nature of work done by the frictional force acting on the wheel when it rolls? Justify your answer.
- (h) Whether the equation v = u ± at is valid for a variable acceleration or deceleration of a body? Justify your answer.
- (i) Suppose you are a passenger in a car and not wearing a seat belt. Without changing speed the car makes a sharp left turn and you find yourself colliding with the right hand door. What is the correct analysis of the situation?
- (j) A 2 HP motor of weight 200 N is mounted symmetrically on four ideal springs, each of stiffness of 2 N/mm. What is the frequency of the motor?

 (a) A prismatic bar AB of weight P = 500 N is hinged to a vertical wall at A and supported at B by a cable BC (Figure 1). Determine the magnitude and direction of the reaction R_a at the hinge A and the tension force S in the cable BC. The directions of the bar and cable are shown in the Figure. 5

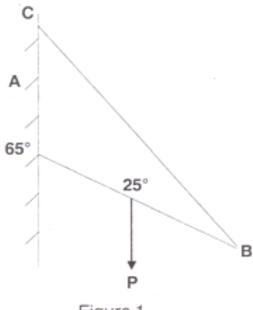
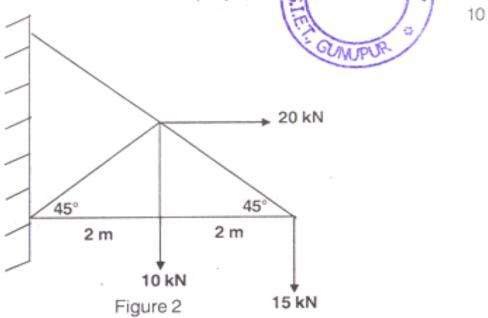


Figure 1

(b) A body of weight 1 kN rests on a plane inclined at 30° to the horizontal. If the coefficient of friction between the body and the plane is 0.45, determine the amount of force P applied on the body parallel to the blane it in equilibrium on the inclined plane.

3 Find the forces in the members of the pin jointed truss shown in Figure 2.



- (a) A simply supported beam of span 5 m is loaded with a uniformly varying load whose intensity varies from 10 kN/m at one end to 100 kN/m at the other. Find the reactions at the supports.
 - (b) Determine the centroid of the area enclosed between the curves y = x³/4 and x = y³/2.
- (a) Determine the moment of inertia of the area enclosed between the curves y = x²/a and a straight line y = x about both x and y axes.
 - (b) Using the principle of virtual work, find the reactions at the supports of a simply supported horizontal beam (span = 6 m) loaded at its midpoint by a clockwise moment of 150 kNm. Neglect weight of the beam.
- (a) A mass m kg is acted on by a constant force of P Newton for t seconds. In this interval of time, it moves a distance of x meters and acquires a velocity of V m/sec. Show that, x = Pt²/2m = mV²/2P.
 - (b) The coefficient of friction between the mastic asphalt pavement and the tyres of a truck is found to be 0.3. At what maximum constant speed, the truck can move around a curve on the level path, without skidding? Consider the radius of curvature as 400 m.
- A cricket ball is thrown by a fielder from 2 m height at 45° to the horizontal with initial velocity of 25 m/sec. The ball hits the wickets at a height of 0.6 m from the ground. What is the distance of the fielder from the wickets?
- (a) Determine the length of a one-second pendum and the time period of a one-meter pendulum. If the pendulums are taken to the surface of the moon, determine their time periods.
 - (b) A man of mass 70 kg fires a bullet of mass 25 gm at muzzle velocity of 0.6 km/sec to hit a wooden block of weight 50 N resting on a rough floor having coefficient of friction 0.5. If the bullet gets embedded within the block, determine the distance by which the block will get displaced from its initial position.