Registration No. :		4 to 19.				

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B. Tech

**PCEC 4402** 

## Eighth Semester Regular Examination – 2015 MICROWAVE ENGINEERING

BRANCH (S): EC, ETC

**QUESTION CODE: J 110** 

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer the following questions :

2×10

- (a) A lossless 100 Ω transmission line is terminated in 50 + j 75. Find voltage reflection co-efficient and VSWR.
- (b) Define stub. What is the significance of stub length in transmission line?
- (c) What is the input impedance of terminated transmission line for short circuited and open circuited line?
- (d) Calculate the characteristic impedance and propagation constant for a lossless co-axial line having inner radius 0.3 mm and outer radius 0.6 mm with μ<sub>r</sub> = 2.3 and ε<sub>r</sub> = 1.4 at operating frequency 5 MHz.
- (e) Differentiate between the reciprocal and non-reciprocal devices.
- (f) What is LSA oscillation mode of Gunn diode?
- (g) What is rat-race hybrid coupler? Write down the scattering matrix of this coupler.
- (h) A rectangular cavity resonator made of copper has dimensions a = 3 cm, b=1 cm, c=4 cm filled with dielectric  $\epsilon_r = 2.56$ , and operates at the dominant mode. Determine the resonant frequency.

- (i) For which condition a Klystron amplifier act as oscillator? Write two applications of Klystron amplifier.
- (j) What is the bunching parameter of reflex klystron oscillator?
- (a) A uniform transmission line has R=12 m Ω/m, G=1.4 μmho/m, L=1.5 μH/m and C=1.4 nF/m. At 70 kHz find (i) characteristic impedance, (ii) attenuation in decibels per kilometer, (iii) the velocity of propagation and (iv) propagation constant.
  - (b) The characteristic impedance of a 10 m long lossless co-axial cable is 50  $\Omega$ . The dielectric material between the inner and outer conductors of the cable has  $\epsilon_r = 3.5$  and  $\mu_r = 1$ . If the radius of the inner conductor is 1 mm, what should be the outer radius of this cable?
  - (c) For sea water  $\sigma$  = 4 S/m and  $\varepsilon_r$  = 80,  $\mu_r$  = 1. Calculate, the attenuation constant ( $\alpha$ ) and propagation constant ( $\gamma$ ) at frequencies 1 kHz, 100 kHz and 1000 kHz and also find the skin depth ( $\delta$ c) at 100 kHz.
- (a) A 50 Ω transmission line is terminated on a load of 100 + j70 Ω. Using Smith chart find (i) reflection co-efficient, (ii) transmission co-efficient, (iii) VSWR, (iv) input impedance at a distance of 0.3 λ from load, (v) distance of the first minimum from the load.
  - (b) Referring to the Figure 1 below, two loads R<sub>1</sub> = 300 Ω, R<sub>2</sub> = 200 Ω are to be fed in phase from a 100 Ω line with R<sub>1</sub> receiving twice the power of R<sub>2</sub>. Calculate (i) L<sub>1</sub> and Z<sub>1</sub>, (ii) L<sub>2</sub> and Z<sub>2</sub> using λ/4 matching condition.

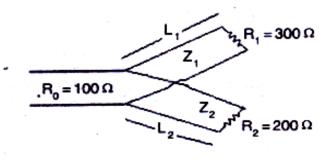


Figure 1: Power Splitter

- (a) A rectangular wave guide with a = 2.1 cm and b = 3.2 cm is filled with a dielectric of ε<sub>r</sub> = 3.21 and is operated at 50 GHz. Calculate the (i) cut-off frequency, (ii) wavelength, (iii) phase constant, (iv) phase velocity, (v) group velocity and (vi) wave impedance for TE<sub>22</sub> mode.
  - (b) A rectangular waveguide has dimensions 4 cm x 2 cm. Assuming TE mode of operation good conductivity of walls and air as dielectric, if the waveguide is operated at a frequency 20% higher than the cut-off frequency, calculate, (i) the mode, (ii) the guide wavelength, (iii) phase velocity and (iv) the group velocity.
  - (c) A plane electromagnetic wave is incident on a materia having ε<sub>r</sub> = 2.34.
    Calculate the reflection co-efficient and the VSWR.
- (a) Write down the scattering matrix for directional coupler with proper conditions. Find out the transmission loss.
  - (b) Explain the design procedure of microwave filter by using image parameter method.
- (a) Explain the velocity modulation process in reflex klystron with neat diagram.
   And derive the expression for depth of velocity modulation.
  - (b) A Reflex Klystron operates under the following conditions:

 $V_0 = 500 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_{sh} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $f_r = 8 \text{ GHz}$  and L = 1 mm is the spacing between repeller and cavity. The tube is oscillating at  $f_r$  at the peak of n = 2 mode. Assume that the transit time through the gap and beam loading effect can be neglected. Find (i) the repeller voltage  $V_r$ , (ii) direct current necessary to give microwave gap voltage of 200 V and (iii) electronic efficiency.

7. (a) A 250 KW pulsed cylindrical magnetron is operated with the following parameters:

anode voltage = 25 KV,

peak anode current = 25 A,

magnetic induction = 0.035 T,

radius of cathode = 4.0 cm, and

radius of anode = 8.0 cm.

Calculate (i) the efficiency of magnetron, (ii) the cyclotron frequency, (iii) the cut-off magnetic field and (iv) the cut-off voltage.

(b) Explain the hazards of electromagnetic radiation.

5×2

- 8. Write short notes on any two:
  - (a) Principle of operation of TWT amplifier
  - (b) Gunn Oscillation modes
  - (c) Wilkinson Power Divider
  - (d) Fixed and Variable Attenuator. .