Total No. of Pages : 6

2017

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 80

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from both the Sections as directed.

(Mathematical Statistics-I)

GROUP-A

- 1. Answer any four of the following questions:
 - (a) A bag contains 50 tickets numbered 1,2,3,...,50 of which five are drawn at random and arranged in ascending order of magnitude. What is the probability that the middle one is 30?
 - (b) A discrete random variable X has following probability distribution:

x : 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

p(x) : 0 a 2a 2a 3a a^2 $2a^2$ $7a^2 + a$

Find P(0 < X < 4).

(c) If probability density function of a continuous random variable is given by

$$f_x(x) = \begin{cases} c(3+2x), & 0 < x < 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find the distribution function free from c.

- (d) A coin is tossed until a head appears. Find the expectation of the number of tosses required.
- (e) X be a random variable having Poisson distribution such that P(X=1) = 0.3 and P(X=2) = 0.2. Find $E(X)^2$.

Or

- 2. Answer all questions of the following: 2
 - (a) Four cards are drawn from a well-shuffled pack of cards. What is the probability that there is one from each suit?
 - (b) A, B, C be events associated with an experiment {A, B, C}. If

$$P(B) = \frac{3}{2}P(A), P(C) = \frac{1}{3}P(B),$$

find $P(A)$.

(c) If the p.d.f. of a random variable X is given as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{c}{x^3}, & 1 < x < \infty \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find c.

(d) If p.d.f. of a continuous random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x, & \text{if } 0 < x < 2\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find $E(X^2)$.

- (e) Find the moment generating function of the random variable X which assumes values
 -1 and +1 with probabilities \(\frac{1}{2}\) and \(\frac{1}{2}\) each.
- (f) Determine the mode of the binomial distribution whose mean is 4 and variance is 3.
- (g) X be a Poisson variate. It is known that the frequencies of X taking values 3 and 4 are equal. Obtain P (X=0).
- (h) If a hunter is shooting a target, what is the probability that 5th fire is the 2nd hit, given the probability of hitting the target at any trial is 0.20?

(3)

(a) A player tosses a coin and is to score one point for every head turned up and two for every tail. He is to play on until his score reaches or passes n. If p_n is the probability for attaining exactly n, show that

$$p_n = \frac{1}{2} (p_{n-1} + p_{n-2})$$
 and hence find p_n

(b) State Bay's theorem. An urn contains 5 white and 5 black balls; 4 balls are drawn from this urn and put into another urn. Then from the 2nd urn a ball is drawn and found to be white. Find the probability of drawing another white ball at the next draw when the first white ball is not replaced.

 $4\sqrt{g}$ A continuous random variable X has density functions given by

(i)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{c}{x^3}, & \text{if } 1 < x < \infty \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(ii)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx & \text{if } 0 \le x < 2\\ 2c & \text{if } 2 \le x < 4\\ 6c - cx & \text{if } 4 \le x < 6 \end{cases}$$

(4)

(Continued)

In each case find c, distribution function F(x) and $P(3 \le x < 5)$.

(b) The waiting time in hours, between two successive speeders spotted by a radar unit is a continuous randon variable with cumulative distribution:

$$F_{\chi}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \le 0 \\ 1 - e^{-8x}, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Find the probability of waiting less than 12 minutes between successive speeders

- (i) using the cumulative distribution of X,
- (ii) using probability density function of X.

(a) X is a random variable with density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Ae^x, & 0 < x < \infty \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the value of A, mean of X, variance of X, third moment about the mean, kurtosis and r th moment about origin.

2

- is given by f(x) = Kx(2-x), $0 \le x < 2$. Find K, mean, variance (X), β_1 , β_2 , rth moment, mode and median of the distribution:
- 6. (a) Define Geometric distribution. Find mean, variance and moment generating function for this distribution.

Or

(b) Define Poisson distribution. Find its mean, variance, moment generating function.