lota	I Nu	Imber of Pages: 02	B.Tech. PCS3I103
		3 rd Semester Regular / Back Examination 2017-18	
		SYSTEM PROGRAMMING	
		BRANCH: CSE	
		Time: 3 Hours	
210		210 210 Max Marks: 100 210 210 210 Q.CODE: B986	21
	Ans	wer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.	e rest.
Q1		Answer the following questions:	(2 x 10)
	a)	Of the four different programs that UNIX invokes to prepare a C program for	
210		execution, namely the linker, assembler, compiler, and loader, which actually builds an executable file such as a out	2
		(a) Linker (b) Assembler (c) Loader (d) Compiler (e) None of the above	
	b)	Timer interrupt is a	
		(a) Hardware Interrupt (b) Software Interrupt (c) Both of these	
		(d) None of These	
	C)	Only ports are important from programming point of view. (a)70 and 71H (b) 71 and 72H (c)70 and 72H (d)72 and 73H	
	d)	In a two pass assembler the object code generation is done during which	
210	,	phase?	
	_	(a) zeroth pass (b) One pass (c) Two pass (d) Not done by assembler.	
	e)	Forward Reference Table (FRT) is arranged like?	
	f)	(a)stack (b)Queue (c)Linked List (d)Doubly Linked list Which of the following is not a function of pass1 of an assembler?	
	''	(a)generate data (b) keep track of LC (c)remember literals	
		(d)remember values of symbols until pass2	
210	g)	The last statement of the source program should be	
	F)	(a) Stop (b) Return (c) Op (d) End	
	n)	Address symbol table is generated by the (a) Memory management software (b) Assembler (c) Match logic of associative memory (d) Generated by	
		operating system.	
	i)	Analysis which determines the meaning of a statement once its grammatical	
		structure becomes known is termed as	
		(a) Semantic analysis (b) Syntax analysis	
210	j)	(c) Regular analysis (d) General analysis 210 210 210 210	
	J/	(a) Places the program in the memory for the purpose of execution.	
		(b) relocates the program to execute from the specific memory area allocated	
		to it.	
		(c) Links the program with other programs needed for its execution.(d) Interfaces the program with the entities generating its input data.	
		(d) interfaces the program with the entities generating its input data.	
Q2		Answer the following questions: Short answer type 210 210	(2 x 10)
	a)	Mention any four features of System Programming.	
	b)	What do you mean by Assembler? How it is different from Loaders?	
	c) d)	Differentiate between compiler and interpreter. What is a dummy argument in macro? Explain with example.	
	e)	Differentiate between systems software and application software .	
	f)	What is an absolute loader? What are the disadvantages of absolute loader?	
	g)	With suitable example explain linkage editor.	
210	h)		
	i) j)	Give user interface criteria for a debugger. Define the data structure of MDT and MNT tables.	

Q3	a) b)	List and explain the main components of a typical Explain the following. I) SYMTAB II) LOCC V)CSADDR		210	(10) (5)	210	
Q4	a) b)	Describe the overall design of pass1 of an asse the data structures used in it. Differentiate it from Explain dynamic linking and loading.		tion of	(10) (5)		
210 Q5	a) b)	Describe the design of a relocating loader. V relocating loader over absolute loader? What is BNF? Show the BNF specification f $X=U+V\times W-X/Y$		-	(10) (5)	210	
Q6 210	a) b)	memory. Compare the two integers and adds them up, if NUM1 is greater than NUM2 or subtracts NUM1 from NUM2 if NUM1 is less than NUM2. Store the answer in memory at memory location result.					
Q7	a) b)	Explain debugger functionalities and facilities. Programming Environment vs Integrated Development Environments					
Q8°	a) b)	Draw a parse tree according to Pascal grammar for the following expressions. i)ALPHA –BETA *GAMMA ii) ALPHA DIV(BETTA+GAMMA)-DELTA With suitable examples classify grammars.					
Q9	a)	Write short notes on i) General Machine structures ii)Functional Modularity iii) Absolute expression vs Relative expression iv)Lexical Analysis vs Syntactic					
210	b)	Analysis Explain Bootstrap loader.	210	210	(5)	210	
210		210 210 210	210	210		210	

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