Registration No:															
Tota	Total Number of Pages: 03  B.Tech														
PCI3I103  210 3 <sup>rd</sup> Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18  Geotechnical Engineering  BRANCH: CIVIL  Time: 3 Hours  Max Marks: 100  Q.CODE: B1121  Answer Question No.1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.															
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.															
Q1	a) b) c) d) e) f)	Answer the following questions: multiple type or dash fill up type 'Lacustrine soils' means  The void ratio of a soil sample will be between													
210	g) h) i) j)	T is given by											2		
210 <b>Q2</b>		Answer the	follo	wina	210 aues	tions	: Sho	210 ort an	swer	tvpe	210	)		210	(2 x 10)
	a) b)	Answer the following questions: Short answer type  Name a few clay minerals.  The values of void ratio of a calcareous sand sample in the densest and loosest states are 0.23 and 0.89 respectively. If the in-situ void ratio is 0.46, what is the relative density?													
	c) d)	What do you mean by 'slaking of clay'? Differentiate between SM and CI soils.													
210	e) f)	Sketch a typical compaction curve for sand and explain 'bulking of sand' from this curve.  What do you mean by seepage force per unit volume? Write down its expression.  Sketch the normal stress distribution on a vertical line at a radial distance from									2				
	g) h)	the point load The liquid lin	d on t nit of a	he gr a satu	ound urated	surfa I nom	ce. nally d	conso	lidate	d soil	l is 50	%. W			
210	i)	the compres In an unconf of the soil tes	ined on the steed?	comp	ressic	n tes							to cohe	esion,	2
	j)	Sketch vario	us sic	pe fa	ilures	i.									
<b>Q3</b>	a)	Discuss the characteristic 31% and pla coefficient of percentages according to Table 1	cs of a stic ling f grad of gra	a soil mit of ation avel,	are g 24% and ι sand,	iven l . (i) D unifori silt a	below raw th mity c	in Ta ne gra oeffic	ible 1 in siz ient. (	. The ze dis (iii) De	soil h tributi eterm	ias a on cu ine th	rve. (ii) ie		

Size(mm)	% Finer
4.75	100
2,10	93
0.425	80
0.2	75
0.075	63
0.018	53
0.006	30
0.0036	25
0.002	18
0.001	06

A soil sample with porosity of 40% has degree of saturation of 50%. Taking specific gravity of soil solids as 2.66, compute dry, saturated, submerged and bulk unit weight of the sample.

What are the major geotechnical field problems? Distinguish between black cotton soil and lateritic deposits from geotechnical angle. What are the major soil deposits in India? Discuss their characteristics.

A sample of soil with a liquid limit of 72.8% was found to have a liquidity index of 1.21 and water content of 81.3%. What are its plastic limit and plasticity

(b) Define activity of a soil. Sketch and discuss the activity chart and the plasticity chart. (5)

Q5 a) The following are the results from a standard compaction test performed on a sample of soil. (10)

Water 4 7 10 15 20 25 30 content (%)

Bulk density 1.63 1.77 1.94 2. 2.12 2.12 1.98 (gm/cc)

Plot the water content-dry density curve and obtain the optimum water content and maximum dry density. Calculate the water content necessary to completely saturate the sample at its maximum dry density assuming no change in the volume.

(5)

b) Calculate the coefficient of permeability of a soil sample 6 cm in height and 50 cm² in cross sectional area, if 500 ml of water passed down in 9 minutes under an effective constant head of 52 cm. On oven drying, the test specimen weighed 5 N. Taking G = 2.67, calculate the seepage velocity of water during the test.

Q6 (a) What are the characteristics of a flow net? Discuss how to construct a flow net for anisotropic soil. (10)

For a homogeneous earth dam 36 m high and 2 m free board, a flow net was constructed with five flow channels. The number of potential drops was 22. The dam has a horizontal filter at the base near the toe. The coefficient of permeability of soil was 11.2 X 10<sup>-2</sup> mm/sec. Determine the anticipated seepage, if the length of dam is 100 m.

(b) A deposit of fine sand has a porosity of 42% and specific gravity of 2.64. The ground water table is 5 m below the ground surface and the sand layer is saturated by capillary water up to a height of 2 m due to the water table. The degree of saturation of the first 3 m of moist sand is 20%. Calculate the effective vertical stress at a depth of 10 m below the ground surface.

<b>Q7</b>	(a) (b)	Discuss the square root of time fitting method.  The total anticipated settlement due to consolidation of a clay layer under a certain pressure is 150 mm. If 50 mm of settlement has occurred in 10 months, what is the expected settlement in 20 months?							
<b>Q8</b> 210	(a) (b)	Write a brief critical note on 'Newmaark's Influence Chart'.  A circular area on the surface of an elastic mass of great extent carries a uniformly distributed load of 120 kN/m². The radius of the circle is 3 m.  Compute the intensity of vertical pressure at a point 5 m beneath the centre of the circle  What is the effect of pore pressure on strength of soils? How does pore pressure increase? How the effective stress path is influenced by such an increase?							
<b>Q9</b> 210		Write critical notes slopes. 210 An embankment is of shearing resistate weight of soil is 18 factor of safety with	s inclined at an a nnce is 15 <sup>0</sup> and the 3.0 kN/m². The T	angle of 35 <sup>0</sup> and it the cohesion inter- aylor's stability nu	s height is 15 m. cept is 200 kN/m	The angle  210  The unit	(15)	210	
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