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Total Number of Pages: 02

**B.Tech**  
**BS1101**

1<sup>st</sup> Semester Back Examination 2016-17

**MATHEMATICS - I**

**BRANCH(S): ALL**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

**Q.CODE: Y748**

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.  
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

**Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)**

- a) Test the exactness of the differential equation  $2\sin 2x \sin h y \, dy = \cos 2x \cosh 2y \, dx$ .
- b) Define a linear differential equation. Give an example a linear differential equation of second order.
- c) Determine the order and degree of  $(y'')^{3/2} + y' = x^2 y$ .
- d) What do you mean by linearly independent vectors? Are the following vectors linearly independent?  $[2 \ 3]$ ,  $[3 \ -6]$ ,  $[-1 \ 4]$ .
- e) Show that the main diagonal entries of a skew symmetric matrix are zero.
- f) Find the asymptote parallel to the co-ordinate axes of the curve  $xy^2 + x^2 y + 2xy - y + x + 2 = 0$ .
- g) Formulate the differential equation for the R-C circuit with  $E = 10$  volts,  $c = 0.25$  farad,  $R = 20$  ohms.
- h) Solve the differential equation  $y' = y$  by power series method.
- i) Find the value of  $P_3(x)$  where  $P_3$  is the Legendre polynomial.
- j) What is the radius of convergence of the power series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^n}{n!}$ .

**Q2 a) Reduce to 1st order and solve the differential equation (5)**

$xy'' + 2y' + xy = 0$  where  $y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$  is a solution.

**b) Solve :  $y'' + 4y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 3$ ,  $y(\pi/2) = -3$  (5)**

**Q3 a) Solve  $(D^2 + 2D - 35)y = 12e^{5x} + 37 \sin 5x$  by using method of undetermined coefficients. (5)**

**b)** (5)

Solve the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$

where  $y(0)=1.5$  and  $y'(0)=1$ .

**Q4 a)** Using method of variation of parameter, solve the following differential (5)

equation  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 9y = \sec 3x$

**b)** Define the rank of the matrix and find the rank of the following matrix (5)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 & 6 & -3 \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

**Q5 a)** (5)

Find a basis of eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 0 & 0 \\ 48 & -8 & 0 \\ 84 & -24 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**b)** Solve the following linear system of equations by Gauss elimination (5)  
method

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 0, \quad -2x_1 + x_2 - 4x_3 = 3, \quad 10x_2 + 5x_3 = 9, \quad 6x_1 + 10x_2 = 0.$$

**Q6 a)** Find out what type of conic section is represented by the following (5)

quadratic form and transform it to principal axes

$$41x_1^2 - 24x_1x_2 + 34x_2^2 = 156.$$

**b)** (5)

Diagonalize the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**Q7 a)** Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$  at the point (5)

$(0, a)$ .

**b)** Find the asymptotes of the following curve (5)

$$(x-y)^2 (x^2 + y^2) - 10(x-y)x^2 + 12y^2 + 2x + y = 0.$$

**Q8 a)** Show that  $\frac{d}{dx}(x^n J_n(x)) = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$ . (5)

**b)** Prove that  $P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} [(x^2 - 1)^n]$ . (5)

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