Registration no:										
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<u>B.TECH</u> PCEE4402

(2 x 10

(4)

8th Semester Regular / Back Examination 2016-17 POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION BRANCH(S): EEE, ELECTRICAL Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 Q.CODE: Z112 Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions:

- a) What is reach of relay?
- b) What would be the PSM for the relay if the fault current is 120 A, given the plug setting is 1.2 A and the CT ratio is of 50/1?
- c) What is back up protection?
- d) What type of relay is preferred for a loss of prime mover case?
- e) What is a negative sequence relay? Draw its circuit diagram.
- f) What is auto-reclosing?
- g) What is the difference between measuring CT and protection CT?
- **h)** What is zone of protection?
- i) What is the difference between unit and non-unit protection?
- j) What is RRRV? Find out is expression and when is it maximum.
- Q2 a) Describe the Merz-Price protection scheme for bus bars. What for is the linear coupler (6) used?
 - **b)** Derive the torque equation for a directional overcurrent relay?
- Q3 Derive the relay equation of the mho relay and draw the region of operation in this (10) case.
- **Q4 a)** Explain the pilot-wire protection. What are the difficulties in the protection scheme of **(5)** pilot wire?
 - **b)** What is difference between earth fault and restricted earth-fault relay? Explain its **(5)** circuit and its application to different apparatus protection?
- Q5 a) Explain the duality between phase comparator and amplitude comparator with (5) necessary diagram and example.

- b) The neutral point of a three-phase 20 MVA, 11 kV alternator is earthed through a resistance of 3 ohms, the relay is set to operate when there is an out of balance current of 1.2 A. The CTs have a ratio of 1000/5. What percentage of winding is protected against an earth fault?
- Q6 a) What do you mean by time grading of distance relays? Explain with an example. (5)
 - b) A three phase transformer having a line voltage ratio of 400V/11 kV is connected in delta-star. The CTs on the 400 V side have a current ratio of 1000/5. What must be the ratio of CTs on the 11 kV side?

Q7	a)	Explain the phenomena of current chopping.							
	b)	Derive the analysis of L-L-G fault considering fault and neutral impedance. What	(6)						

(5 x 2)

Q8		Answer any two:
	a)	Inrush phenomena in transformer and necessary protection scheme
	ЬŃ	SE _c circuit breaker

- c) Pilot Wire Protection
- **d**) Numerical Relay and its components

would be the expression of fault current in this case.