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Total Number of Pages: 1

M.TECH  
ETPC101

**1st Semester Regular/Back Examination – 2014**  
**MODERN DIGITAL COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES**  
**BRANCH(S): COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING, COMMUNICATION**  
**SYSTEMS, ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING, ELECTRONICS &**  
**TELE COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 70

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.**  
**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**



- Q1 Answer the following questions: (2x10)
- a) Write the Probability Mass Function (PMF) for the Bernoulli Random Variable.
  - b) Write any two properties of gamma function.
  - c) Write the equation for the mean and the variance of Nakagami Random Variable.
  - d) Write any two differences between multi channel and multi carrier system.
  - e) State the Central limit theorem.
  - f) Define white process and write any two properties of this process.
  - g) Define binary antipodal signaling.
  - h) Draw the Signal space diagrams for BPSK, QPSK and 8-PSK.
  - i) Why FSK signaling belongs to the class of nonlinear modulation schemes?
  - j) Write the need for symbol Synchronization in digital communication.
- Q2 a) The PDF of a random variable  $X$  is  $p(x)$ . (4)  
A random variable  $Y$  is defined as  $Y = aX + b$  where  $a < 0$ . Determine the PDF of  $Y$  in terms of the PDF of  $X$ .
- b) Assume that random processes  $X(t)$  and  $Y(t)$  are individually and jointly stationary. (6)
- i. Determine the autocorrelation function of  $Z(t) = X(t) + Y(t)$ .
  - ii. Determine the autocorrelation function of  $Z(t)$  when  $X(t)$  and  $Y(t)$  are uncorrelated.
  - iii. Determine the autocorrelation function of  $Z(t)$  when  $X(t)$  and  $Y(t)$  are uncorrelated and have zero means.
- Q3 What is Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM). Describe the modulation and demodulation techniques of OFDM system. (10)
- Q4 a) Explain the power spectral density for linearly modulated signals. (5)
- b) A speech signal is sampled at a rate of 8 kHz, and then encoded using 8 bits per sample. (5)  
The resulting binary data are then transmitted through an AWGN baseband channel via M-level PAM. Determine the bandwidth required for transmission when  $M=4$  and  $M=8$ .
- Q5 a) Calculate the error probability for PSK signaling. (5)
- b) Determine the ML phase estimate for offset QPSK. (5)
- Q6 a) Calculate the capacity of a non ideal filter channel. (5)
- b) Explain briefly about Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) Signals. (5)
- Q7 a) Explain carrier recovery and symbol synchronization for M-ary PSK signal demodulation with proper block diagram. (5)
- b) Explain 4-QAPSK with constellation diagram. Differentiate QAPSK and PSK. (5)
- Q8 Write Short Notes (Any Two) (5 x 2)
- a) The Ricean Random Variable
  - b) The Karhunen-Loeve Expansion
  - c) Binary PSK receiver
  - d) Phase- Locked Loop