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Total Number of Pages: 02

M.TECH  
P2MDCC02

**2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2016-17**  
**FATIGUE, CREEP AND FRACTURE**

**BRANCH: MACHINE DESIGN, MECH. SYSTEM DESIGN, SYSTEM DESIGN**  
**SYSTEM DESIGN**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 100**

**Q.CODE :Z486**

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any four from the rest.**  
**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

- Q1 **Answer the following questions:** (2×10)
- a) Describe the phenomenon of fatigue failure in metals. Define “Endurance Limit”.
  - b) Describe the effect of size on endurance limit.
  - c) Define factor of safety for fatigue loading.
  - d) Define fatigue stress concentration factor
  - e) Explain the phenomenon of creep in metals.
  - f) Derive the equation for creep strain using log-log method.
  - g) Define cumulative damage in fatigue.
  - h) Distinguish between brittle & ductile fracture.
  - i) What are the different methods used for detection of fracture.
  - j) A glass sample has a crack length of 4.2  $\mu\text{m}$ . if the young’s modulus of the glass is 70 GN/m<sup>2</sup> and the specific energy is 1.1 J/m<sup>2</sup>. Estimate its fracture strength using Griffith’s equation.
- Q2 a) Derive and Compare Goodman, Soderberg and Gerber fatigue design formulae. Show them on graph. (10)
- b) A hot rolled steel shaft is subjected to a torsional moment that varies from 330 N-m clockwise to 110 N-m counterclockwise and an applied bending moment at a critical section varies from 440 N-m to -220 N-m . The shaft is of uniform cross-section and no keyway is present at the critical section. Determine the required shaft diameter. The material has an ultimate strength of 550 MN/m<sup>2</sup> and a yield strength of 410 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. Take the endurance limit as half the ultimate strength, factor of safety of 2, size factor of 0.85 and a surface finish factor of 0.62. (10)
- Q3 a) Derive the expression showing the ratio of creep bending stress and elastic bending stress (creep stress ratio) considering creep in bending. (10)
- b) Write down the creep stress time relations for simple tension considering different methods for short time and long time. (10)

- Q4 a) Derive an expression for angle of twist per unit length considering creep in torsion. (10)
- b) Derive expressions for principal strains for a member subjected to tri-axial stresses on the basis of uniaxial creep stress strain relationship and octahedral shear stress theory. (10)
- Q5 a) State and explain Griffith theory of brittle fracture. Derive an expression for the stress of crack propagation. (10)
- b) State an expression for Irwin's fracture stress. Derive an expression for stress intensity factor and state of the stress at the end of the crack. (10)
- Q6 a) Describe the three modes of fracture with appropriate sketches. Write down the methods of protection against fracture. (10)
- b) Describe different stages of creep in creep-time curve. Define creep stress relaxation with neat curve. (10)
- Q7 a) Describe the methods of reducing stress concentration. What are the different methods used to improve fatigue strength (10)
- b) Derive the creep-stress-rupture relations for members subjected to combined stress. Define Fracture toughness. Write down the factors affecting fracture toughness. (10)