Registr	ation no:							
210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210								
3 rd Semester Regular Examination – 2016-17 SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT BRANCH: MBA Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 100 Q Code:Y741								
Answer Question No.1 & 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.								
Q1 (a) (b) (c)	undiversifiable) is a source of risk.							
(d) 210 (e) (f)	is a measure of the rate of change of return of a security due to change in the market return. (Alpha / Beta) A portfolio that gives highest return with lowest risk is known as (choose one: Excellent / Optimal / Feasible set) Through analysis, one predicts the future based on past trends. Daily price fluctuations are also known as movements. (Choose one: primary / secondary / tertiary) When all information whether public or confidential are reflected in the current share prices, we refer to form of market efficiency. (choose one: strong / semi-strong / weak) All investments must result in (choose one: acquisition of asset /							
(g) (h) ²¹⁰								
(j)	high return / low risk) Borrowing money to purchase securities is known as							
Q2 (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Systematic risk. Investment Vs Gambling.							

(f) Three phases of a bull market.

(g) Support and resistance levels.

(h) Measurement of risk under 2 asset case portfolio.

(i) Rupee cost averaging.

(j) SML Vs CML

210	210	210	210		210	210	210
Q3	What is a portfolion management? Explai		re the	different	phases in	n portfolio	(15)
Q4	What is risk? Discuss and return of a portfol				you measu	re the risk	(15)
Q5	What is technical a	•	hat are	its basic	principles	? Discuss	(15) 210
Q6	What is a feasible set in portfolio selection. Discuss.	•					(15)
210	210	210	210		210	210	210
Q7	The variance and cov		rix is giv	en below:	_		(15)
		Wt.	0.2	0.3 0.5			
			Α	ВС			
		0.2 A		63 36			
		0.3 B		38 74			
		0.5 C	36	74 45			
210	Find the portfolio risk.	210	210		210	210	210
Q8	The following table shows the returns of securities X and Y in a portfolio. (Find:						(15)
(a)	Covariance.						
(b)	Correlation coefficien	t.					
(c)	Portfolio return.						
₂₁₀ (d)	Portfolio risk	210	210		210	210	210
	Year Return (X)	Return (Y))				
	2010 40	-10					
	2011 -10	40					
	2012 35	05					
	2013 -5	35					
24.0	2014 ₂₁ 15	15	240		24.0	240	240
210	210	210	210		210	210	210
040	2/2		0.15		040	0.10	
210	210	210	210		210	210	210

10 210 210 210 210 210 210