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Gandhi Institute of Engineering and Technology University, Odisha, Gunupur (GIET UNIVERSITY)

M.Sc. (Second Semester - Regular) Examinations, July – 2025

24MBIPC12003– Bioinformatics

(Biotechnology)

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 60 Marks

Answer ALL questions

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks)

PART – A

(2 x 5 = 10 Marks)

Q.1. Answer **ALL** questions

- | | CO # | Blooms Level |
|--|------|--------------|
| a. Write the URL of EMBL database | CO1 | K1 |
| b. What is the difference between Entrez and SRS | CO1 | K1 |
| c. How to estimate the secondary structures of protein based on GOR value | CO2 | K1 |
| d. What is the Hamming distance between the sequence HLIKLAIIWL and HLWKLAIIWA | CO3 | K1 |
| e. Convert the given molecular marker into MSA
TCYGIFVL
TCGIFVL
SCYGIFVLSG
ACGIFVLSG | CO4 | K1 |

PART – B

(10 x 5 = 50 Marks)

Answer **ALL** the questions

- | | Marks | CO # | Blooms Level |
|--|-------|------|--------------|
| 2. a. Explain the layer of PIR database | 5 | CO1 | K1 |
| b. Write retrieving method and submission tools of PDB database | 5 | CO1 | K1 |
| (OR) | | | |
| c. Write short note of CATH and SCOP database | 5 | CO1 | K1 |
| d. Explain the option of BLAST and FASTA | 5 | CO1 | K1 |
| 3.a. Find the optimal alignment and alignment score between two sequence GCATGCA and GATTACA by using Needleman-Wunch algorithm (Assume Match= 1, Mismatch = -1 and Gap= -1) | 5 | CO2 | K2 |
| b. Define PAM. Find the PAM value of all amino acid of the given MSA
ACGCTAFKI
GCGCTAFKI
ACGCTAFKL
GCGCTGFKI
GCGCTLFKI
ASGCTAFKL
ACACTAFKL | 5 | CO2 | K2 |
| (OR) | | | |
| c. Find the optimal alignment and alignment score between two sequence GGATCGA and GAATTCAGTTA (Assuming match =5, Mismatch = -3 and gap = -4) By using Smith -Waterman algorithm. | 5 | CO2 | K2 |

- d. Which two sequence are very closed to each other justify it by using Hamming distance method
 ADIKLAAIKL
 ADSKLAAIKA
 KILASDPQWE
 5 CO2 K2
- 4.a. Design a HMM of the given MSA
 VGA- -H
 V - - -N
 VEA- - D
 VKG - - -
 VYS - -T
 FNA - - N
 IAGADN
 5 CO3 K2
- b. Suppose there are 20,000 amino acid in the database of which 2000 are serine and there are 5000 amino acids in helical conformation of which 500 are serine. calculate the type of information
 (OR)
 5 CO3 K2
- c. Explain FASTA3 program. Write its use
 5 CO3 K1
- d. Design a phylogenetic tree
- | | A | B | C | D | E |
|---|---|----|-----|-----|-----|
| A | | 94 | 111 | 180 | 206 |
| B | | | 115 | 194 | 218 |
| C | | | | 188 | 218 |
| D | | | | | 217 |
| E | | | | | |
- 5.a. Explain different windows of Cn 3D
 5 CO4 K1
- b. Find the fit and transversion parsimony value of each of the phylogenetic tree constructed of the given MSA. How many rooted and unrooted phylogenetic tree is possible to construct.
 ACAGGAT
 ACACGCT
 GTAAGGT
 GCACGAC
 5 CO4 K2
- (OR)
- c. Explain molecular Dynamic Simulation. Write the process of study the dynamic behaviour of protein by AMBER package.
 5 CO4 K1
- d. Explain type of motif. Draw the flow chart of motif discovery
 5 CO4 K1
- 6.a. Explain the steps involve in Homology modelling
 5 CO5 K1
- b. Find the no. of valid shift of the given Test sequence- 31415926535 and pattern sequence 26 using Rabin Karp algorithm
 5 CO5 K2
- (OR)
- c. What is protein Folding? Explain few methods to estimate the protein stability.
 5 CO5 K1
- d. What is pattern? Find the no. of valid shift of the given Test sequence 1011101110 and pattern sequence 111 using Naïve string-matching algorithm.
 5 CO5 K2

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