



**GANDHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, ODISHA,  
GUNUPUR  
(GIET UNIVERSITY)**

B. Tech (Fourth Semester - Regular) Examinations, April - 2025

**23BBTPC24001 - Molecular Biology  
(Biotechnology)**

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 60 Marks

**(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks)**

**PART – A****(2 x 5 = 10 Marks)**Q.1. Answer **ALL** questions

- |   | CO # | Blooms<br>Level |
|---|------|-----------------|
| a. What do you mean by split genes? Give examples.  | CO1  | K1              |
| b. The leading strand of a DNA molecule has the sequence 3'-CGCATGTAGCGA-5' at the primer formation region. Write the primer sequence required for its replication. | CO2  | K2              |
| c. Mention the role of sigma factor in transcription.   | CO3  | K1              |
| d. Define Wobble Hypothesis and its importance.   | CO4  | K2              |
| e. What will be happened to Trp operon, if the tryptophan is present or absent?   | CO5  | K2              |

**PART – B****(10 x 5 = 50 Marks)**Answer **ALL** the questions

- |  | Marks | CO # | Blooms<br>Level |
|--|-------|------|-----------------|
| 2. a. Explain the details of genome organization in eukaryotes.  | 5     | CO1  | K1              |
| b. Discuss the experiment by Hershey-Chase for the DNA as the genetic material.                        | 5     | CO1  | K2              |
| (OR)   |       |      |                 |
| c. Explain with diagram and importance of central dogma in molecular biology.                          | 5     | CO1  | K1              |
| d. Discuss about the mechanism of Overlapping genes with diagram.                                      | 5     | CO1  | K2              |
| 3.a. Diagrammatically represent the initiation of replication in prokaryotes.                          | 5     | CO2  | K2              |
| b. Give the mechanism of replication of mitochondrial DNA.   | 5     | CO2  | K1              |
| (OR)   |       |      |                 |
| c. Describe the process of Mismatch repair system.   | 5     | CO2  | K1              |
| d. Give the structure and functions of DNA Polymerase-III.   | 5     | CO3  | K2              |
| 4.a. How termination of transcription occurs? Explain the mechanism.                                   | 6     | CO3  | K3              |
| b. Highlight the different types of RNA Polymerase and their functions.                                | 4     | CO3  | K1              |
| (OR)   |       |      |                 |
| c. Give the role of Spliceosome in splicing mechanism.   | 5     | CO4  | K1              |
| d. Explain the mechanism and importance of 5'-Capping in m-RNA.  | 5     | CO4  | K1              |
| 5.a. Discuss the mechanism of elongation of translation in Prokaryotes.                                | 5     | CO4  | K2              |
| b. Discuss the structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes and its role in protein synthesis.    | 5     | CO4  | K2              |
| (OR)   |       |      |                 |
| c. Mention the role of t-RNA and Aminoacyl t-RNA synthetase in translation.                            | 5     | CO5  | K1              |
| d. Enlist the different translational factors used in translation process and mention their functions. | 5     | CO5  | K2              |
| 6.a. Discuss the regulation of Lac operon system with suitable diagram.                                | 5     | CO5  | K2              |
| b. Classify and discuss the properties of restriction enzyme.  | 5     | CO6  | K1              |
| (OR)   |       |      |                 |
| c. Illustrate the properties of a cloning vector.  | 5     | CO6  | K1              |
| d. How to prepare recombinant DNA? Explain with suitable diagram.                                      | 5     | CO6  | K3              |

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