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GANDHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY, ODISHA, GUNUPUR (GIET UNIVERSITY)

B. Sc. (Ag.) (Fourth Semester) Examinations, April - 2025

SST-221 - Principles of Seed Technology

Time: 2 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

PART - A

Q.1.		n the blanks with suita	•	$(0.5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks})$								
a.			is done to p	protect the seeds against diseases, pests, and s	torage losses.							
b.	In order to produce certified seed of a particular variety we will have to procure seed of that variety to take up sowing.											
c.	Removal of tassel from the female parent in hybrid seed production in maize is known as											
d.	In hy	In hybrid seed production line is harvested first.										
e.		chemical is used in chemical drying of seed.										
f.	The	The maintainer line used in hybrid seed production is known as line.										
g.	. Tetrazolium test is used to study of seed.											
		rs are used for										
i.	In ge	eneral for every	% decre	ease in moisture, the store potential of the se	ed doubles .							
j.	Indic	cator type silica gel is		in colour.								
_		ne (or) Explain the follo	owing in on	ne or two sentences.	$(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$							
		pering										
b.		odox seed										
		ine in hybrid seed produ	ction									
d.	·	le cross hybrid										
e.	Grov	v out test										
Q3.	. Mate	ch the following		(0.5)	$5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks})$							
		Column – A		Column - B								
(a	ı)	Gravity Separators	(i)	For synchronization of flowering of male ar	nd female parent							
(t	o)	Isolation distance	(ii)	Used by farmers	-							
(c	:)	Staggered sowing	(iii)	Can not be stored for longer period								
(c	1)	A line	(iv)	Cheap method								
(e	e)	Field Inspection	(v)	Sorted seeds based on size, shape, and weig	ht							
(f	-)	Certified seeds	(vi)	Restricts contamination by foreign pollens								
(g	g)	Harvesting	(vii)	Seed certification officer								
(h	n)	Recalcitrant seeds	(viii)	Global Marketing								
(i)	Sun drying	(ix)	Male sterile line								
(i)	WTO	(x)	Done at Physiological maturity stage								

Q4. Write True or False against each statement

 $(0.5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks})$

- a. Silica gel is used in mechanical drying.
- b. Rate of drying the seed does not depend upon depth of spread of seed.
- c. Seed testing is required to assess the seed quality attributes of the seed lots.
- d. The Seed Testing Laboratory at University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore has been notified as the Central Seed Testing Laboratory.
- e. Storage fungi, mostly belong to the genera Aspergillus and Penicillium.
- f. "Organic seed" means seed produced by raising a crop with application of chemical fertilizer.
- g. Working sample is the sub-sample of the submitted sample which is used for various quality tests.
- h. For cereals in ordinary storage conditions for 12-18 months the seeds should be dried to 10-12 % moisture content.
- i. For every 30° F reduction in temperature it doubles the life span of the seed.
- j. Viability test determines whether the seed is alive and capable of germinating under favourable conditions or not.

PART - B

Attempt ANY FIVE questions. All question carries equal marks

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 5. What is seed processing? Describe different steps involved in seed Processing.
- 6. Describe different safeguard measures which are to be taken to maintain the genetic purity?
- 7. What is the purpose of seed certification? Describe in brief the process of seed certification.
- 8. Describe in brief the organic seed production practices.
- 9. What are the different types of seed samples? Describe different triers used in seed sampling.
- 10. What is seed drying? Describe different methods of seed drying.

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