

# Gandhi Institute of Engineering and Technology University, Odisha, Gunupur (GIET University)



B. Tech (Eighth Semester - Regular) Examinations, April - 2025

## 21BECPE48011 – Satellite Communication

(ECE)

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks)

### PART – A

(2 x 5 = 10 Marks)

Q.1. Answer **ALL** questions

- |   | CO # | Blooms Level |
|---|------|--------------|
| a. Differentiate between Geostationary and Geosynchronous satellite.                  | CO1  | K4           |
| b. Write the relation between noise figure and noise temperature.                     | CO3  | K1           |
| c. What are the types of antenna used in satellite.                                   | CO4  | K2           |
| d. Write the different types of cloud attenuation related to satellite communication. | CO2  | K2           |
| e. What is multiple access and write down the principle of operation of FDMA.         | CO2  | K1           |

### PART – B

(15 x 4 = 60 Marks)

Answer **all** the questions

- |   | Marks | CO # | Blooms Level |
|---|-------|------|--------------|
| 2. a. What are the Kepler's three laws of planetary motion? Explain in details.   | 8     | CO1  | K1           |
| b. Explain the attitude and orbit control system of a satellite.  | 7     | CO2  | K2           |
| (OR)  |       |      |              |
| c. Enlist various types of launch vehicles. Why these launch vehicles are required for satellites?  | 8     | CO1  | K1           |
| d. Define look angle. Derive an expression for the Elevation angle for a Geostationary satellite.   | 7     | CO1  | K3           |
| 3.a. What do you mean by G/T ratio in satellite communication system? Discuss its importance in an earth station.   | 8     | CO3  | K2           |
| b. Derive the expression of link equation using basic transmission theory.  | 7     | CO2  | K3           |
| (OR)  |       |      |              |
| c. A GEO satellite carries a transponder with 20 W transmitter at 4 GHz. The transmitter is operated at an O/P power of 10 W and drives an antenna with a gain of 30 dB. An earth station is the centre of the coverage zone of the satellite, at range of 38500 km. Find (i) the flux density at the earth station, (ii) the power received by an antenna with a gain of 39 dB, (iii) the EIRP of the transponder. | 8     | CO2  | K4           |
| d. What do you mean by transponder? Explain about the single bent pipe transponder with suitable diagram.   | 7     | CO3  | K1           |
| 4.a. Write down the design procedure for a one-way satellite communication.   | 8     | CO4  | K3           |
| b. Explain Rain and ice effects on satellite link.  | 7     | CO3  | K2           |
| (OR)  |       |      |              |
| c. Describe the complete uplink and downlink system design for C band satellite communication system.   | 8     | CO4  | K3           |
| d. Write short notes on Cassegrain Antenna and SPADE.   | 7     | CO3  | K1           |
| 5.a. How can parabolic reflectors used in satellite communication to enhance the gain of antennas?  | 8     | CO3  | K3           |
| b. Explain the non-hydrometric effect on satellite in details.  | 7     | CO4  | K2           |
| (OR)  |       |      |              |
| c. Explain about CDMA technique in details. How the PN code can be generated in CDMA?   | 8     | CO1  | K2           |
| d. What are the antennas used in satellite communication? Explain.  | 7     | CO2  | K1           |

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