Reg. No					

GANDHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY, ODISHA, GUNUPUR (GIET UNIVERSITY)



 $B.Sc.\ Nursing\ (Fourth\ Semester)\ Regular\ Examinations,\ January-2025$

PHAR II(205) &PATH II(210) – PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Section - A: Pharmacology (38 Marks)

PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions)

 $(7 \times 1=7 \text{ Marks})$

Maximum: 75 Marks

Q. 1 Answer ALL questions

a. Which of the following is an anti histamine drug?

(i) Loratadine (ii) Misoprostol

(iii)Diphenhydramine (iv)Metoprolol

b. Which of the following routes of drug administration ensures the fastest absorption?

(i)Oral (ii) Intramuscular

(iii)Intravenous (iv)Subcutaneous

c. Which term describes the study of drug movement through the body?

(i) Pharmacokinetics (ii) Pharmacodynamics

(iii) Pharmacogenetics (iv) Pharmacovigilance

d. Which drug is used to treat tuberculosis?

(i)Rifampicin (ii)Acyclovir

(iii)Fluconazole (iv)Metronidazole

e. Which of the following is a loop diuretic?

(i) Furosemide (ii) Hydrochlorothiazide

(iii) Spironolactone (iv) Acetazolamide

f. Which vitamin is essential for blood clotting?

(i)Vitamin A (ii)Vitamin C (iii)Vitamin k (iv)Vitamin D

g. Which drug is used in malaria treatment?

(i) Chloroquine (ii) Paracetamol (iii) Ciprofloxacin (iv)) Ibuprofen

PART – B: (Very Short Answer Questions) (3 x 2=6 Marks)

Q.2. Answer ANY THREE questions

- a. Magnesium sulphate
- b. Activated charcoal
- c. Corticosteroids
- d. Beta blockers

PART – C: (Short Answer Questions) (3 x 5= 15 Marks)

Q.3. Answer ANY THREE questions

- a. Difference between Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics
- b. Diuretics
- c. Anti convulsants
- d. Principle of Prescribing

PART – D: (Long Answer Questions) $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ Marks Answer ANY ONE question 4.a. List out the drugs that are toxic to kidney and for the treatment of UTIs. 3 7 b. Describe the classification, mechanism of action, indications, contraindications and nurse's role of analgesics and anaesthetics drugs. c. List out the Antiseptic drugs and Anti anginal drugs. 3 d. Describe the classification, mechanism of action, indications, contraindications and 7 nurse's role of Antihypertensive drugs. Section - B: PATHOLOGY (25 Marks) **PART – A:** (Multiple Choice Questions) $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ Marks})$ Q. 5 Answer ALL questions a. Which organ is affected in hepatitis? (i)Heart (ii)Brain (iii)Liver (iv)Lungs b. Which condition is also known as "water in the brain"? (i) Hydrocephalus (ii) Meningitis (iii) Encephalitis (iv) Stroke c. Which clotting factor is also called fibrinogen? (i)factor I (ii) Factor V (iii)Factor VIII (iv)Factor X

(ii) Widal test

(iv) Coombs test

PART – F: (Very Short Answer Questions)

 $(3 \times 2 = 6 \text{ Marks})$

Q.6. Answer ANY THREE questions

a. Renal calculi

(i) Mantoux test (iii) ELISA test

b. Difference between Wet gangrene and Dry Gangrene

d. What is the name of the test used to diagnose tuberculosis?

- c. Goitre
- d. Uterine Fibroids

PART – G: (Short Answer Questions)

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

Q.7. Answer ANY THREE question.

- a. Short note on wound healing
- b. Write on Rheumatic disease
- c. Explain Meningitis
- d. Explain Carcinoma of cervix

Section - C : GENETICS (12 Marks)

PART – H: (Multiple Choice Questions)

 $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ Marks})$

Q. 8 Answer ALL questions

- a. What is the basic unit of heredity?
 - (i)DNA (ii)Genes
 - (iii)RNA (iv)Chromosomes
- b. How many pairs of chromosomes are present in a normal human cell?

(i)20 (ii)23 (iii)22 (iv)24

c. Which base is not present in RNA?

(i) Adenine (ii) Thymine (iii) Cytosine (iv) Guanine

PART – I: (Very Short Answer Questions)

 $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})$

Q.9. Answer ANY TWO questions

- a. Difference between mitosis and meosis
- b. Genetic testing
- c. Gene therapy

PART – J: (Short Answer Questions)

 $(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$

Q.10. Answer ANY ONE question.

- a. Describe in details the chromosomal aberrations and role of nurses in genetic testing.
- b. Huntington's Disease

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